

Energy performance measurement and improvement in industry in the context of energy management systems and ISO 50001

Marco Matteini **Energy Systems and Infrastructure Division** Department of Energy

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UNIDO Global EnMS-ISO50001 Programme - Dec 2017



Operational in 18 countries Planned activities in 10+ countries

Projects ongoing

South Africa Indonesia Moldova Egypt Russia Iran Turkey Ukraine **Ecuador** Colombia Malaysia Macedonia **Thailand** Myanmar Viet Nam India Philippines Georgia

Planned activities Other donors

- Swiss State Secretariat for Economic Affairs
- UK Department for International Development
- Government of South Africa
- Government of Italy
 - Government of Austria















Why Energy Management Systems (EnMS) in Industry













BARRIERS to Energy Efficiency in Industry

- Management focus is on production & volumes, not on EE
- Lack of information and understanding of own energy performance
- Lack of adequate skills for identifying, assessing, developing and implementing EE measures and projects
- Poor or misused monitoring systems and data
- First costs more important than recurring costs → disconnection between capital and operating budgets
- Staff behavior and attitude
- Financing constraints
 - ✓ Production, technological, operational and staff changes over time.
 - Lack or limited availability of IEE services and product
- M Management/organizational barrier

Knowledge/competency barrier



Financial barrier









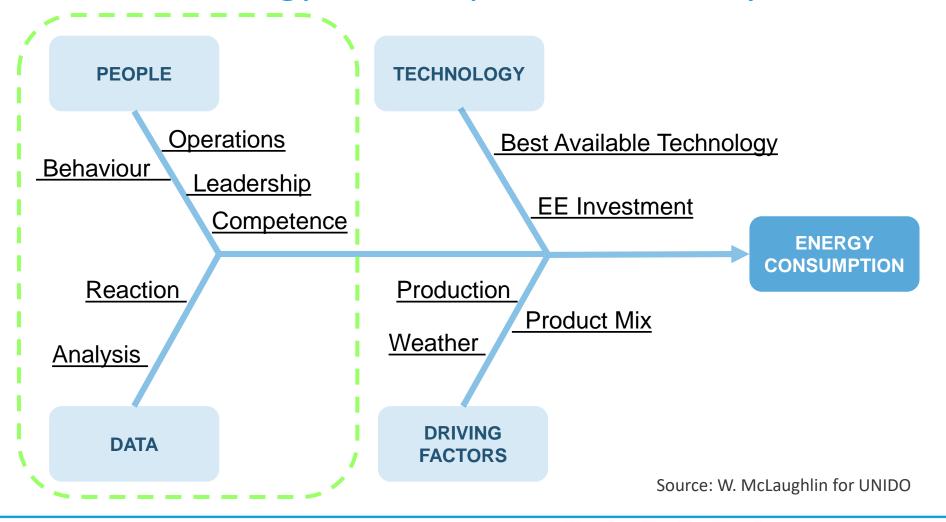








Energy consumption in Industry









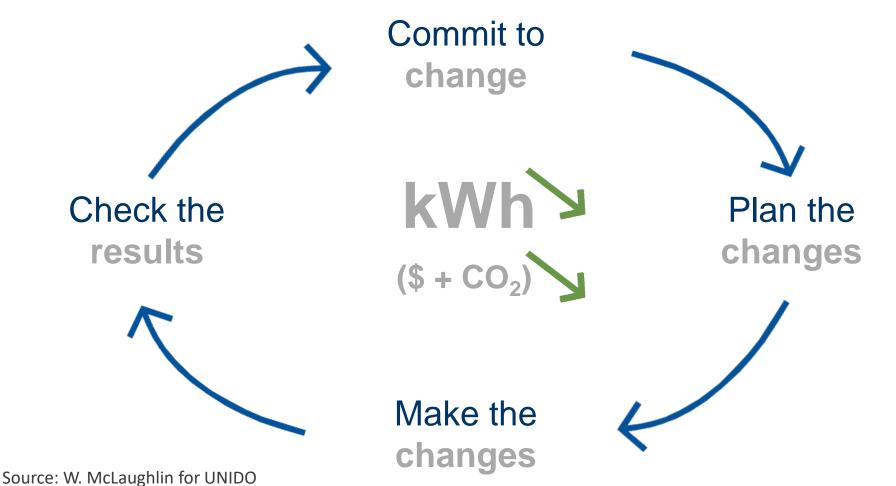








ISO 50001 - EnMS Simplified







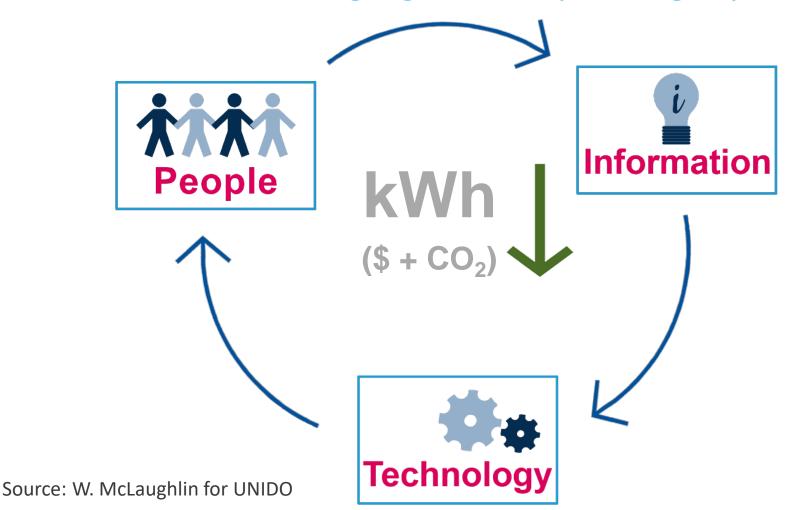








EnMS – Managing and improving 3 pillars

















Energy performance measurement and indicators (EnPMI) in industry













Early UNIDO EnMS-EnPMI experience showed

- ✓ Widespread use of specific energy consumption by industry and EE consultants/experts as energy performance indicators to monitor and measure performance and savings (also in OECD countries)
- ✓ Lack of knowledge in industry as well as between energy service providers about best-practices for energy performance measurement and indicators (i.e. use of regression analysis and normalization)
- Right understanding and measurement of energy performance, and the definition of appropriate EnPIs, proved to be critical steps for driving and sustaining the implementation of effective and successful EnMS that save energy, money and create value for companies











Energy performance in industry

Brewery Case Study

- Large brewing company with 8 production and packaging plants
- In 2012 top management hired a new Energy Manager in one of the plants to increase work on energy efficiency
- ✓ In 2012 top management approved allocation of about 500,000 Euro for 2013 for EE projects and investments in the plant.
- The plant was/is a modern facility in term of technologies, and pretty advanced, by EU standards, with regard to metering and monitoring systems.



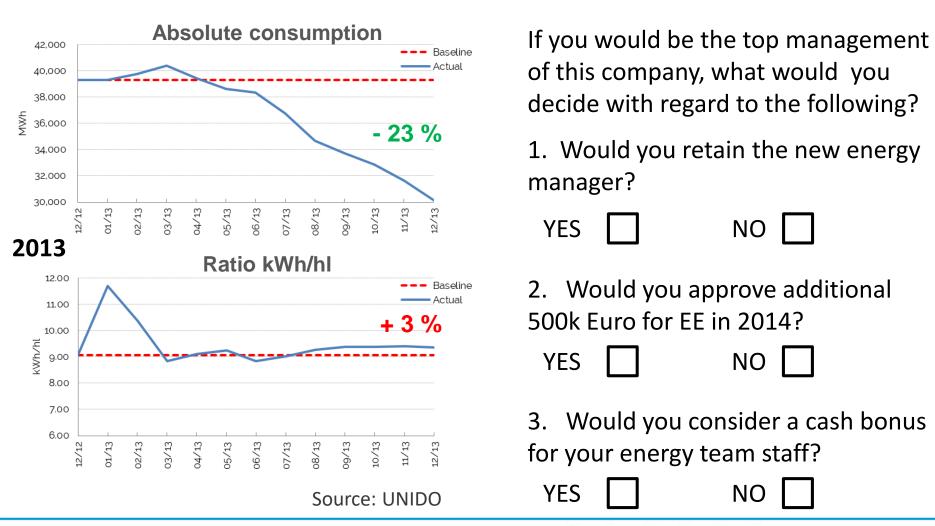








Energy performance in industry: "View" 1





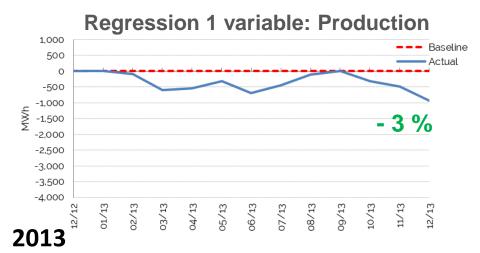


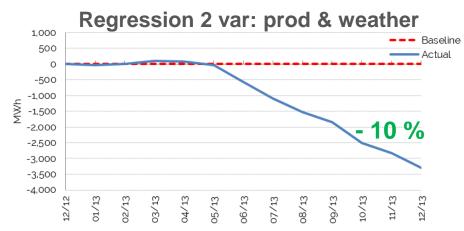






Energy performance in industry: "View" 2





If you would be the top management of this company, what would you decide with regard to the following?

1.	Would	you	retain	the	new	energ	3 Υ
ma	anager $\widehat{\mathfrak{s}}$)					

YES NO	
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2. Would you approve additional 500k Euro for EE in 2014?

3. Would you consider a cash bonus for your energy team staff?

	 •	
YES	NO	





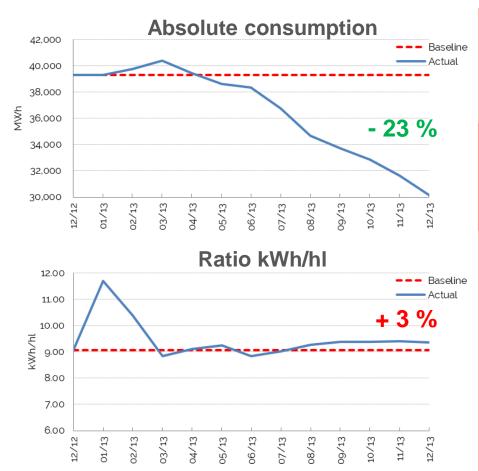


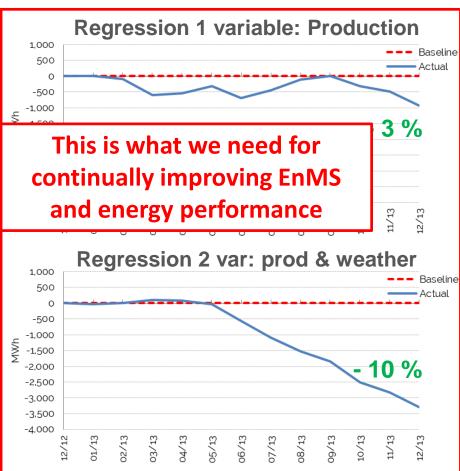






Energy performance in Industry – Which is right?





Source: UNIDO

Brewing industry













Examples of EnMS implementation at company and programme level















Example 1: Iron and Steel – South Africa

Arcelormittal Saldanha Works ArcelorMittal





Manpower: 548 permanent employees

Sales output: 1,2 million ton HRC/annum Adjustments/optimization of production operations, energy systems optimization, fuels switching, etc..... driven by EnMS!

2012 Energy Savings (Norm.) > 100 GWh





Energy Efficiency Achievements 2011

Energy Management System Implemented		
No. of Projects/Measures	11	
Total Capital Investment (USD)	0	
2011 Gross Financial Savings (USD)	9,076,000	
Overall Payback Period (in years)	0	
2011 Energy Savings Norm. (GWh)	79.95	
2011 GHG Reductions (tons CO ₂)	77,000	













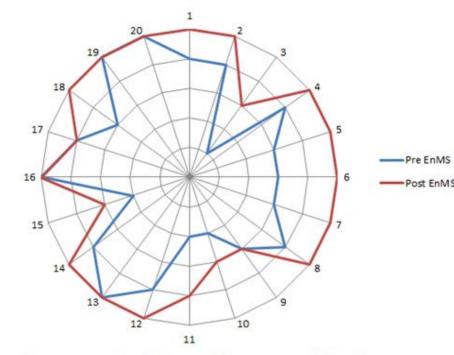




Example 2: Power Generation – Macedonia

REK BITOLA

- Mining and Energy Combine (REK) Bitola meets over 70% of country's demand for electricity
- Coal-lignite thermal power plant, total installed generating capacity of 700 MW and annual generation of 4,000 GWh
- Production in 2016 was 2,685 GWh; own consumption was 286.2 GWh
- ✓ In 2016, EnMS limited to power generation facilities
- 8,700 MWh normalized savings as of 7 Oct 2017



Improvement of Energy Management Practices

2.97% of total consumption



Payback time: 22-24 days

2016 Energy Savings Norm. (MWh)	8,502
2016 GHG Reductions (tons CO ₂)	10,528











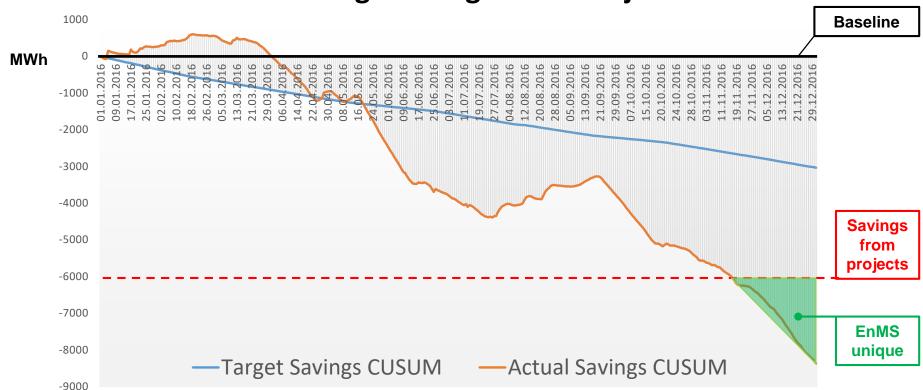






Example 2: Power Generation – Macedonia

REK BITOLA Actual savings vs Target & vs Projects - 2016



Appropriate EnPMI offer opportunities to measure impact of training, competency development, organizational measures and behavioral change















Example 3: UNIDO EnMS CBI Programme

Costs and Benefits Analysis - FYR of Macedonia Pilot

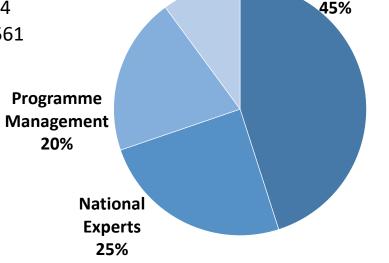
- 12 Partner enterprises (70% success rate)
- 23 Nat. Consultants/Expert Trainees

Benefits	Year 1 + Year 2	5 Years
Energy saved [GWh]	39,7	115,3
GHG emission avoided [tCO2eq]	31,341	89,814
Monetary benefits [EUR]	1,952,650	5,602,561

SUMMARY	
Indicator	Year 1 + Year 2
CE of energy saved [EUR/MWh]	4.43
CE of GHG emissions avoided [EUR/tCO2eq]	5.60
Cost-Benefit [EUR/EUR]	0.09

UNIDO PILOT Programme FYR of Macedonia - COSTS

175,632 EURO



Logistics

10%











International

Experts



Conclusions

- Energy consumption and energy performance in industry do not depend only on production volumes, but also on other factors like weather, raw material, people and organizational practices.
- EnMS-ISO 50001 requires energy savings, demonstration of energy savings, and normalisation for drivers
- Daily as well as long-term energy management and continual improvement of energy performance do require use of technically sound methodologies for measuring savings and performance, and evaluate benefits of resources invested
- Knowledge and competency gap on EnPMI found in all UNIDO countries of operation was very big → strong need to support and accelerate transition to best-practice EnPMI?













THANK YOU!

For more information:

Mr. Marco MATTEINI

Industrial Development Officer

E-mail: M.Matteini@unido.org

Energy Systems and Infrastructure Division

Department of Energy

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